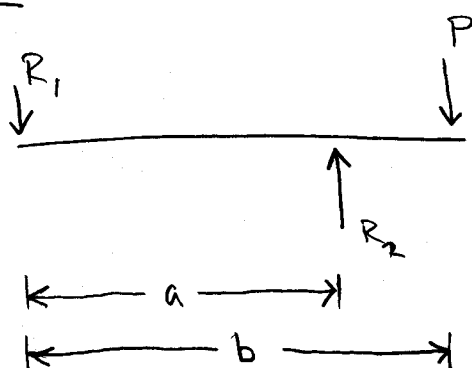


FBD:

$$\sum F = 0; R_1 + P = R_2$$

$$\sum M = 0; R_2 a = P b$$

$$R_2 = \frac{P b}{a}$$

$$R_1 = R_2 - P = \frac{P b}{a} - P$$

$$= P \left(\frac{b}{a} - 1 \right)$$

SPECIFY BEARINGS AT R_1 & R_2

1500 rpm (NOT APPLICABLE, FEW BEARINGS HAVE LIMITS THIS LOW)

LIFE = 7×10^7 CYCLES

ASSUME SHAFT DIAMETER UNKNOWN (9.1 NOT ASSIGNED), THUS WE WILL SPECIFY A MINIMUM BORE BEARING TO CARRY THE KNOWN LOADS

ASSUME APPLICATION FACTOR OF UNITY ($K_a = 1$) } NO OTHER
 RELIABILITY OF 90% ($K_R = 1$) } INFO GIVEN

$$C_{REQ} = K_a F_e \left(L / K_R L_R \right)^{0.3}$$

THUS AT R_1 , $C_{REQ} = P \left(\frac{b}{a} - 1 \right) \left[\frac{7}{9} \right]^{0.3}$

AND AT R_2 , $C_{REQ} = \frac{P b}{a} \left[\frac{7}{9} \right]^{0.3}$

HAND CALCS FOR ROW a:

$$R_1; C_{REQ} = 1000 \left(\frac{18}{16} - 1 \right) \left[\frac{7}{9} \right]^{0.3} = 1161b = 516N$$

ANY BEARING ON THE CHART (PG RB-14, NOTES) WILL GIVE MORE THAN THE REQUIRED DESIGN LIFE.

$$R_2; C_{REQ} = 1000 \left(\frac{18}{16} \right) \left[\frac{7}{9} \right]^{0.3} = 10431b = 4.6kN$$

300 SERIES, 20mm BORE $\rightarrow$ 304 BEARING OR LARGER200 SERIES, 30mm BORE $\rightarrow$ 206 BEARING OR LARGERL00 SERIES, 45mm BORE $\rightarrow$ L09 BEARING OR LARGER

NOTE: THE ABOVE BEARINGS WERE SELECTED USING THE CLASS NOTES AND TABLE ON PAGE RB-14. THE BOOK USES SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT EXPONENTS IN THE BEARING EQN AND A DIFFERENT MANUFACTURER'S CHARTS (SEE NEXT PAGE).

