

$$l' = 55 \text{ mm}$$

$$d = 50 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = 5 \text{ mm}$$

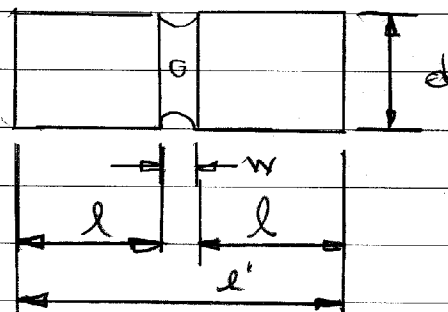
$$c = 42 \mu\text{-m}$$

$$W = 10 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{SAE 30 0.1}$$

$$T_h = 55^\circ\text{C}$$

$$p_s = 200 \text{ kPa}$$



$$l = \frac{l' - w}{2}$$

$$l = \frac{55 - 5}{2}$$

$$l = 25 \text{ mm}$$

$$r = 25 \text{ mm}$$

$$l/d = 0.5$$

$$\Delta T_c = \frac{1956 (10)^6}{(1 + 1.5 \epsilon^2)} \frac{\left[\left(\frac{r}{c}\right) f\right] S W^2}{p_s r^4}$$

$$r \sim \text{mm}$$

$$p_s \sim \text{kPa}$$

$$W \sim \text{kN}$$

$$\Delta T_c \sim ^\circ\text{C}$$

We need T_{avg} ; but, only have T_c
 \therefore We need to assume an initial μ or initial T_{avg} .

Remember

$$T_{avg} = \frac{T_c + T_o}{2}$$

$$\Delta T = T_o - T_c$$

$$T_{avg} = T_c + \frac{\Delta T}{2}$$

First "trial"

Assume $\mu_1 = 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} \cdot \text{Pa} \cdot \text{sec}$
 $\Rightarrow T_{avg,1} = 115^\circ \text{C}$

$$\Delta T_1 = 2(115 - 55)$$

$$\Delta T_1 = 120^\circ \text{C} \sim \text{first trial value}$$

$$S = \left(\frac{F}{c}\right)^2 \frac{\mu N}{P}$$

$$P = \frac{\left(\frac{10,000}{2}\right) \frac{N}{m^2}}{(0.05)(0.025)}$$

each side
carries $\frac{1}{2} \cdot W$

$$P = 4 \times 10^6 \frac{N}{m^2}$$

$$S_1 = \left(\frac{0.025 \text{ m}}{42 \times 10^6 \text{ m}} \right) \frac{(5 \times 10^{-3})(48)}{4 \times 10^6}$$

$$S_1 = 0.02$$

$$\left[\left(\frac{T}{T_c} \right) f \right] = 1.3$$

$$[E] = 0.92$$

$$\Delta T_{1,c} = 29^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\Delta T_{1,a} = 120^\circ \text{C}$$

error = $91^\circ \sim$ too high

Trial 2: $\Delta T_{2,a} = 30^\circ \text{C}$

$$T_{avg,2} = T_c + \Delta T_{2,a} / 2$$

$$T_{avg,2} = 70^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\mu_2 = 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$S_2 = (595)^2 \frac{48}{4 \times 10^6} \mu_2$$

$$\approx 4.25 \mu_2$$

$$S_2 = 0.068$$

$$\left[\left(\frac{T}{T_c} \right) f \right] = 2.1$$

$$[E] = 0.9$$

$$\Delta T_c = \frac{1956 \times 10^6}{(200)(25)^4 (100)} \frac{\left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)S\right] S}{(1+1.5\epsilon^2)}$$

$$= (2503.7) \frac{(2.6)(0.068)}{[1+1.5(0.85)^2]}$$

$$\Delta T_c = 221^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta T_2 = 30^\circ\text{C}$$

	A	C	error
1	120	30	90
2	30	220	-190
3	70	81	-11
4	75	64	+6
5	73		

you complete!

Trial 3: $\Delta T_{3,c} = 70^\circ\text{C}$

$$T_{avg,3} = 55 + 35 = 90^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta T_{3,c} = 90^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\mu_3 = 8.5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$S_3 = 0.036$$

$$\left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)S\right]_3 = 1.8$$

$$[\epsilon]_3 = 0.88$$

$$\Delta T_c = (2503.7) \frac{(1.8)(0.036)}{[1+1.5(0.88)^2]}$$

$$\Delta T_c = 81^\circ\text{C}$$

S12.23
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Trial 3 $\Delta T_{q,c} = 75^\circ\text{C}$
 $T_{\text{avg},3} = 93^\circ\text{C}$
 $\mu = 8 \times 10^{-3}$

$$S_4 = 0.034$$

$$[E_4]_q = 1.75$$

$$[E] = 0.88$$

$$\Delta T_{4,c} = (2503.7) \frac{(1.75)(0.034)}{[1 + (1.5)(0.88)^2]}$$

$$\Delta T_{4,c} = 69^\circ\text{C}$$

Does this satisfy the criteria of mathematical error less than 3 degrees? If not, carry the problem through until it does.