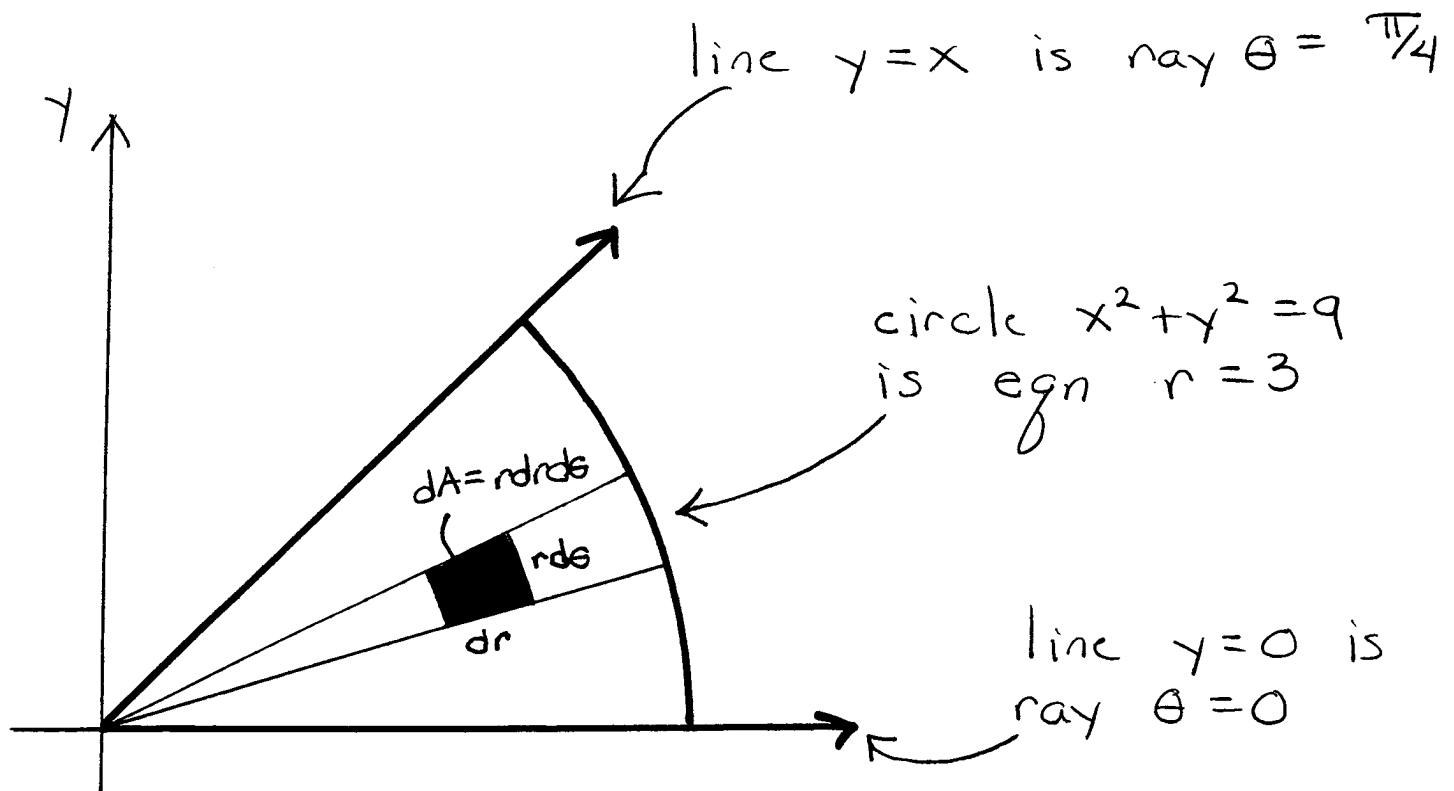


**Ex.** Evaluate  $\iint_R y \, dA$  if  $R$  is the region in Quad. I bound between the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  & the lines  $y = x$  &  $y = 0$ .



Outer "rectangle" rotates from  $\theta = 0$  (LL) to  $\theta = \pi/4$  (UL) (thickness =  $r \, d\theta$ )

Inner "rectangle" slides from  $r = 0$  (LL) to  $r = 3$  (UL) (thickness =  $dr$ )

So

recall:

$$y = r \sin \theta$$

$$dA = r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$\iint_R y \, dA = \int_0^{\pi/4} \int_0^3 \underbrace{r \sin \theta}_y \underbrace{(r \, dr \, d\theta)}_{dA}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin \theta \left( \int_0^3 r^2 dr \right) d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin \theta \cdot \frac{1}{3} r^3 \Big|_{r=0}^3 d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin \theta \cdot (3^3 - 0^3) d\theta \\ &= 9 \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin \theta d\theta \\ &= -9 \cos \theta \Big|_{\theta=0}^{\pi/4} \\ &= -9 \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos 0 \right) \\ &= -9 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - 1 \right) \\ &= 9 \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$